

CÓMO ES

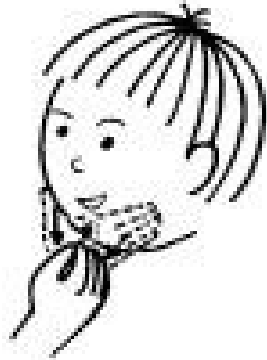


¿CÓMO?

María Dolores Franco
Teresa López Vicente

GUAPO

guapo

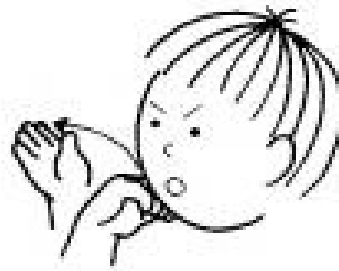


GUAPO



FEO

feo

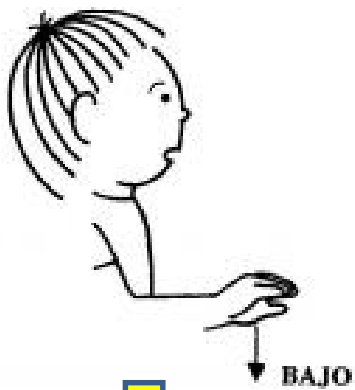


FEO



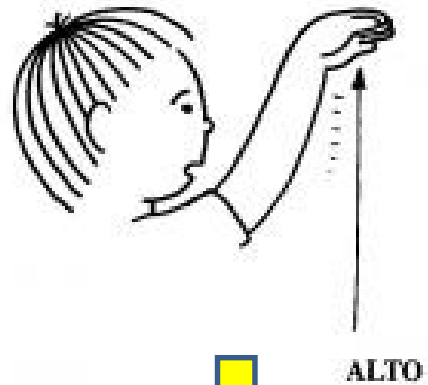
BAJO

bajo



ALTO

alto

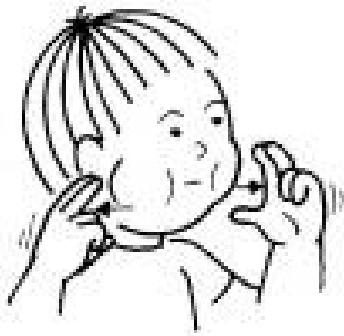


GORDO

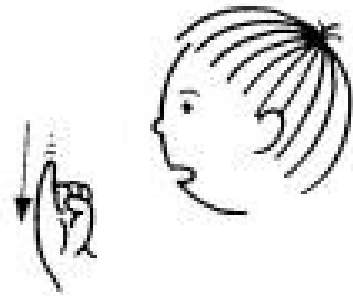
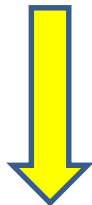
gordo

DELGADO

delgado



GORDO



DELGADO



MORENO RUBIO

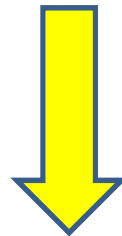
moreno rubio



MORENO



RUBIO



María Dolores Franco
Teresa López Vicente

JOVEN

joven

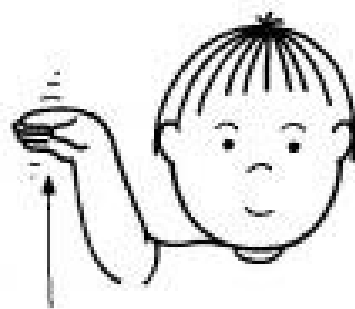


JOVEN



MAYOR

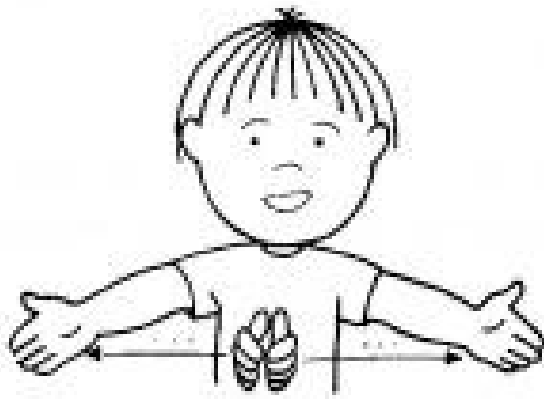
mayor



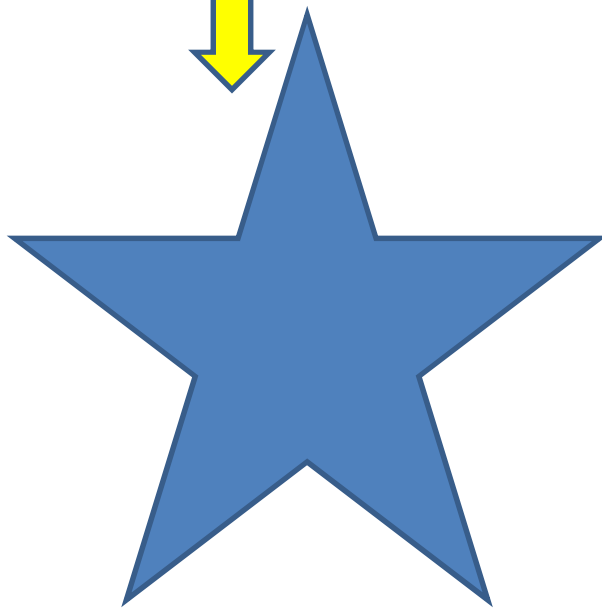
MAYOR



GRANDE PEQUEÑO
grande pequeño



GRANDE

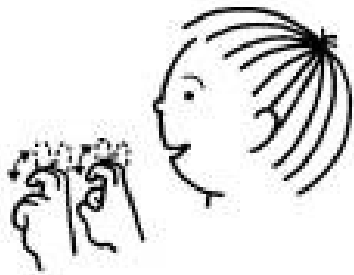


PEQUEÑO



NUEVO

nuevo



NUEVO (MODERNO)



VIEJO

viejo



VIEJO



María Dolores Franco
Teresa López Vicente

DULCE

dulce

SALADO

salado

ÁCIDO

ácido



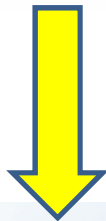
DULCE



SALADO



ÁCIDO



DURO

duro

BLANDO

blando



DURO



BLANDO



FÁCIL

fácil



FÁCIL



$$1+1=2$$

DIFÍCIL

difícil



DIFÍCIL



$$\text{let } f(x) = \sqrt[n]{e^x}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(x) - \frac{1}{f(t)} = \frac{d}{dx} f(u)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(x) - \frac{1}{\infty} = \frac{d}{dx} f(u)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(x) - 0 = \frac{d}{dx} f(u)$$



$$\sqrt[n]{e^x} = \frac{d}{dx} f(u)$$

$$(\sqrt[n]{e^x})^n = \frac{d}{dx} f(u)^n$$

$$e^x = \frac{d}{dx} f(u)^n$$

$$\int e^x = \int \frac{d}{dx} f(u)^n$$

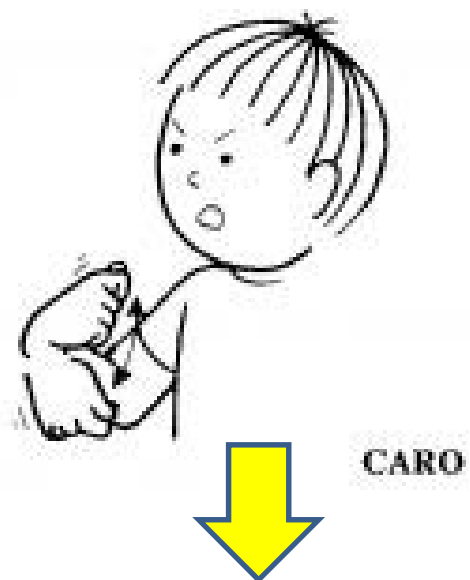
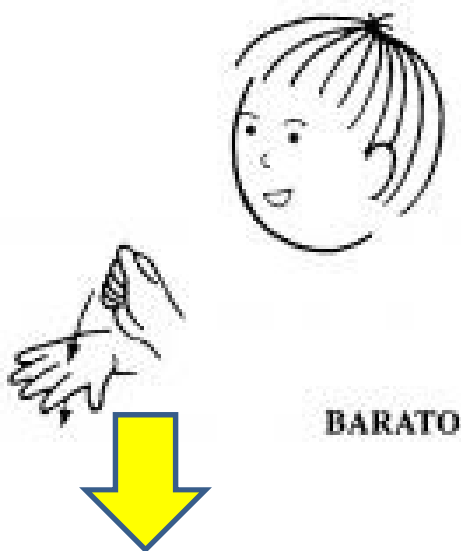
$$\boxed{\int e^x = f(u)^n}$$

BARATO

barato

CARO

caro



CALIENTE

caliente

FRÍO

frío



CALIENTE



FRÍO



CÓMODO INCÓMODO
cómodo incómodo



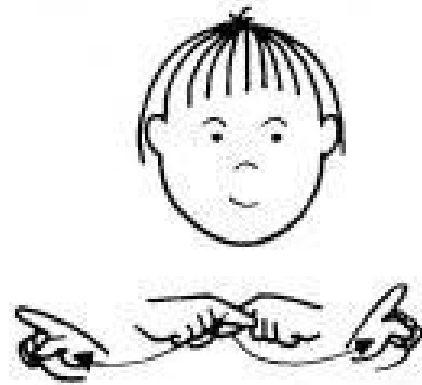
IGUAL DIFERENTE

igual

diferente



IGUAL



DIFERENTE



LIMPIO

limpio



LIMPIO



SUCIO

sucio



SUCIO



LIGERO PESADO

ligero

pesado



María Dolores Franco
Teresa López Vicente

DIVERTIDO
divertido



ABURRIDO
aburrido

ABURRIDO



Aburrido



María Dolores Franco
Teresa López Vicente